

# SUN2000L-(2KTL-5KTL) **User Manual**

Issue 05

Date 2019-06-06



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# **About This Document**

# **Purpose**

This document describes the SUN2000L-(2KTL-5KTL) in terms of its installation, electrical connections, commissioning, maintenance, and troubleshooting. SUN2000L-(2KTL-5KTL) is abbreviated as SUN2000L. Before installing and operating the SUN2000L, ensure that you are familiar with the features, functions, and safety precautions provided in this document.

## **Intended Audience**

This document is intended for:

- Installers
- Users

# **Symbol Conventions**

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
<b>▲</b> DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in serious injury or death.
<b>⚠ WARNING</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury or death.
<b>⚠ CAUTION</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance deterioration, or unanticipated results.
	NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

Symbol	Description
NOTE	Calls attention to important information, best practices and tips.
	NOTE is used to address information not related to personal injury, equipment damage, or environment deterioration.

# **Change History**

Changes between document issues are cumulative. The latest document issue contains all updates made in previous issues.

### Issue 05 (2019-06-06)

- Delete the CHINT-DDSU666 Smart Power Sensor in 5.1 Preparing Cables.
- The FusionHome app is updated to the FusionSolar app.
- Updated the Nameplate.

#### Issue 04 (2018-12-26)

Added the following description in 5.1 Preparing Cables: the CHINT-DDSU666 Smart Power Sensor supports two communication protocols: Modbus and DLT645. Purchase a CHINT-DDSU666 Smart Power Sensor using the Modbus protocol. The CHINT-DDSU666 Smart Power Sensor that uses the DLT645 communication protocol is unavailable.

#### Issue 03 (2018-03-28)

Upgraded the FusionHome app to 2.1.11.217.

#### Issue 02 (2017-12-12)

Upgraded the FusionHome app to 2.1.11.201.

#### Issue 01 (2017-09-27)

This issue is used for first office application (FOA).

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# Safety Precautions

#### **General Safety**

#### NOTICE

- Before performing operations, read through this manual and follow all the precautions to
  prevent accidents. The "DANGER," "WARNING," "CAUTION," and "NOTICE"
  statements in this document do not represent all the safety instructions. They are only
  supplements to the safety instructions.
- Only certified electricians are allowed to install, connect cables for, commission, maintain, and troubleshoot Huawei products, and they must understand basic safety precautions to avoid hazards.

When operating Huawei equipment, in addition to following the general precautions in this document, follow the specific safety instructions given by Huawei. Huawei will not be liable for any consequence caused by the violation of the safety operation regulations and design, production, and usage standards.

#### Disclaimer

Huawei shall not be liable for any consequence caused by any of the following events:

- Damage caused by transportation
- Storage conditions that do not meet the requirements specified in this document
- Incorrect storage, installation, or use
- Installation or use by unqualified personnel
- Failure to comply with the operation instructions and safety precautions in this document
- Operation in extreme environments which are not covered in this document
- Operation beyond specified ranges
- Unauthorized modifications to the product or software code or removal of the product
- Device damage due to force majeure (such as lightning, earthquakes, fire, and storms)
- Warranty expiration without extension of the warranty service
- Installation or use in environments which are not specified in related international standards

### **Personnel Requirements**

Only certified electricians are allowed to install, connect cables for, commission, maintain, troubleshoot, and replace the SUN2000L. They should:

- Receive professional training.
- Read through this document and follow all the precautions.
- Be familiar with the safety specifications about the electrical system.
- Understand the composition and working principles of the grid-tied PV system and local regulations.
- Wear proper personal protective equipment (PPE).

### **Protecting Labels**

- Do not scrawl or damage any labels on the SUN2000L enclosure because these labels contain important information about safe operation.
- Do not scrawl or damage the nameplate on the SUN2000L enclosure. This nameplate contains important product information.

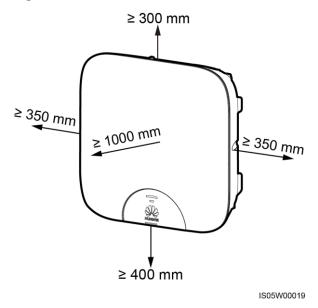
#### Installation

#### **A DANGER**

Never power on the SUN2000L during installation.

- Ensure that the SUN2000L is not connected to a power supply or powered on before installation is complete.
- To allow proper heat dissipation and installation, maintain appropriate clearances between the SUN2000L and other objects, as shown in Figure 1-1. If you have any questions about the clearances, consult technical support engineers.

Figure 1-1 Installation clearances



- Ensure that the SUN2000L is installed in a well-ventilated environment.
- Ensure that the SUN2000L heat sinks are free from blockage.
- Do not open the front panel of the SUN2000L.
- Do not remove the terminals and ports at the bottom of the SUN2000L.

#### **Electrical Connections**

#### **A DANGER**

Before connecting cables, ensure that the SUN2000L is secured in position and not damaged in any way. Otherwise, electric shocks or fire may occur.

- Ensure that all electrical connections comply with the local electrical standards.
- Obtain approval from the local utility company before using the SUN2000L to generate electricity in grid-tied mode.
- Ensure that the cables used in a grid-tied PV system are properly connected and insulated and meet all specification requirements.

## Operation

#### **A** DANGER

The high voltage generated by the SUN2000L during operation may cause an electric shock, which can result in serious property damage, serious injury, or death. Strictly comply with the safety precautions in this document and associated documents when operating the SUN2000L.

- When the SUN2000L is powered on for the first time, only certified electricians are allowed to perform quick setting. Incorrect settings may affect the normal SUN2000L operation and cause the SUN2000L to not comply with the country certification.
- When the SUN2000L is operating, do not disconnect under load.
- Do not touch an energized SUN2000L because the heat sink reaches a high temperature.
- Follow local laws and regulations when operating the equipment.

### Maintenance and Replacement

#### **A DANGER**

The high voltage generated by the SUN2000L during operation may cause an electric shock, which can result in serious property damage, serious injury, or death. Prior to maintenance, power off the SUN2000L and strictly comply with the safety precautions in this document and associated documents to operate the SUN2000L.

- Before performing maintenance on the SUN2000L, ensure that you have sufficient knowledge of this document, and proper tools and testing equipment.
- Before performing maintenance tasks, power off the SUN2000L and wait at least 5 minutes.
- Temporary warning signs or fences must be placed to prevent unauthorized people from entering the site.
- If the SUN2000L is faulty, contact your supplier.
- The SUN2000L can be powered on only after all faults are rectified. Failing to do so may escalate faults or damage the device.
- Observe ESD precautions and wear ESD gloves during maintenance.

# **2** Product Overview

## 2.1 Product Introduction

#### **Function**

The SUN2000L is a single-phase grid-tied PV string inverter that converts the DC power generated by PV strings into AC power and feeds the electricity into the power grid.

#### Models

This document involves the following product models:

- SUN2000L-2KTL
- SUN2000L-3KTL
- SUN2000L-3.68KTL
- SUN2000L-4KTL
- SUN2000L-4.6KTL
- SUN2000L-5KTL

Figure 2-1 Designation explanation of the SUN2000L-5KTL

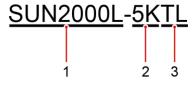


Table 2-1 Designation explanation of the SUN2000L-5KTL

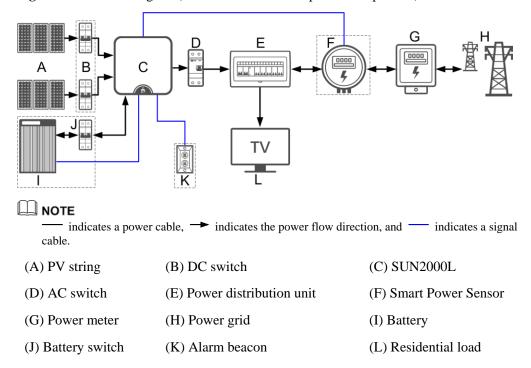
No.	Meaning	Description
1	Series name	SUN2000L: single-phase grid-tied PV string inverter

No.	Meaning	Description
2	Power level	<ul> <li>2K: The power level is 2K.</li> <li>3K: The power level is 3K.</li> <li>3.68K: The power level is 3.68K.</li> <li>4K: The power level is 4K.</li> <li>4.6K: The power level is 4.6K.</li> <li>5K: The power level is 5K.</li> </ul>
3	Topology	TL: transformerless

## **Networking Application**

The SUN2000L applies to a residential rooftop grid-tied system. Typically, a grid-tied system consists of the PV string, grid-tied inverter, AC switch, and power distribution unit.

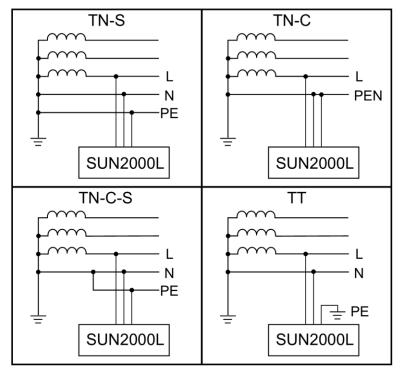
Figure 2-2 Network diagram (dashed boxes indicate optional components)



### **Supported Power Grid**

The power grids supported by the SUN2000L include TN-S, TN-C, TN-C-S, and TT. In a TT power grid, the N-PE voltage should be lower than 30 V.

Figure 2-3 Power grid types



# 2.2 Appearance

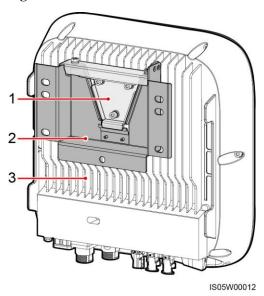
## **Front View**

Table 2-2 LED description

Type	Status		Meaning
Running	LED 1	LED 2	N/A
indication LED1 LED2	Steady green	Steady green	The SUN2000L is exporting power to the power grid.
	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	Off	The DC is on and the AC is off.
	Off	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	The DC is off and the AC is on.
	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	The DC is on, the AC is on, and the SUN2000L is not exporting power to the power grid.
	Off	Off	Both the DC and AC are off, or the SUN2000L is in Low Power Consumption mode. Low Power Consumption mode means that the monitoring system of the SUN2000L is hibernating.
	Steady red	Steady red	The SUN2000L is faulty.
Communication	LED 3		N/A
indication  LED3	Blinking green at short intervals (on for 0.2s and then off for 0.2s)		Communicating (Communicating means that the communication with the upper-level management unit is in progress. However, if a mobile phone accesses the SUN2000L, the LED indicates the "mobile phone access status: blinking green at long intervals" first.)
	Blinking green at l for 1s and then off		The mobile phone is connected to the SUN2000L.
	Off		No communication

#### **Rear View**

Figure 2-5 Rear view



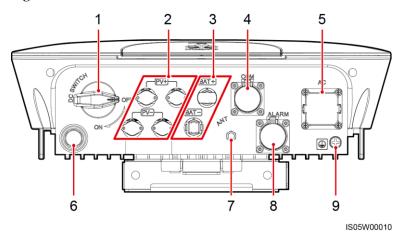
(1) Mounting plate

(2) Mounting bracket

(3) Heat sink

## **Bottom View**

Figure 2-6 Bottom view

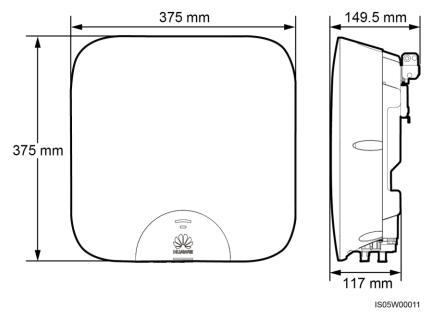


No.	Component	Silk Screen
1	DC switch	DC SWITCH
2	DC input terminal	PV+/PV-
3	Battery terminal	BAT+/BAT-

No.	Component	Silk Screen
4	COM port	COM
5	AC output port	AC
6	Ventilation valve	N/A
7	Antenna port	ANT
8	Alarm port	ALARM
9	Ground point	N/A

## Dimensions

Figure 2-7 Enclosure dimensions



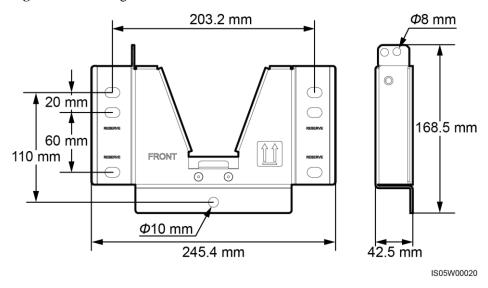


Figure 2-8 Mounting bracket dimensions

# 2.3 Label Descriptions

## Labels

Table 2-3 Label description

Symbol	Name	Meaning
	Burn warning	Do not touch a running SUN2000L because the shell is hot when the SUN2000L is running.
5 mins	Delay discharge	<ul> <li>High voltage exists after the SUN2000L is powered on. Only qualified and trained electrical technicians are allowed to perform operations on the SUN2000L.</li> <li>Residual voltage exists after the SUN2000L is powered off. It takes 5 minutes for the SUN2000L to discharge to the safe voltage.</li> </ul>

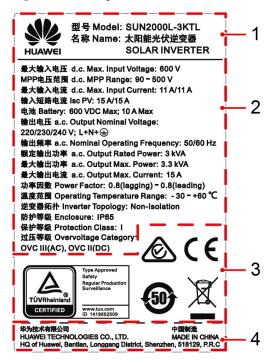
Symbol	Name	Meaning
	Refer to documentation	Reminds operators to refer to the documents supplied with the SUN2000L.
	Grounding	Indicates the position for connecting the protective earthing (PE) cable.
Do not disconnect under load! 禁止带负荷断开连接!	Operation warning	Do not remove the connector or antenna when the SUN2000L is running.
選行指示 Running indication  LED2  描示定义 Meaning  操色常亮 Steady green  弱色像の Binking green at long intervals	Indicator status description label	Describes the indicator status.
SN: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	SUN2000L serial number (SN) label	Indicates the SUN2000L SN.
MAC: xxxxxxxxxxx	SUN2000L MAC address label	Indicates the MAC address.
	QR code for SUN2000L WiFi connection	Scan the QR code to connect to Huawei SUN2000L WiFi network (Android) or obtain the WiFi password (iOS).

## $\square$ NOTE

The labels are for reference only.

## Nameplate

Figure 2-9 Nameplate



- (1) Trademark and product model
- (2) Important technical specifications
- (3) Compliance symbols
- (4) Company name and country of manufacture



The nameplate figure is for reference only.

**Table 2-4** Compliance symbols

Symbol	Name	Meaning
	RCM certification mark	The SUN2000L complies with RCM certification standards.
CE	CE certification mark	The SUN2000L complies with Conformité Européenne (CE) certification standards.
TÜVRheinland CERTIFIED TÜVRheinland CERTIFIED TÜVRheinland TÜVRHeinlan	TÜVRheinland certification mark	The SUN2000L complies with TÜVRheinland certification standards.
<b>50</b>	Environment friendly use period (EFUP) mark	The product does not pollute the environment during the specified period.

Symbol	Name	Meaning
X	EU waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) mark	Do not dispose of the product as household garbage.

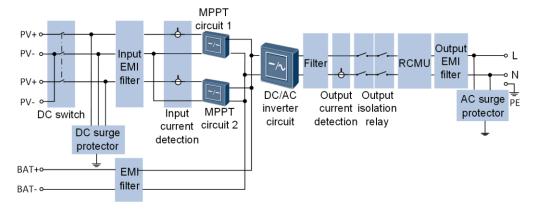
## 2.4 Working Principles

### Conceptual Diagram

The SUN2000L receives two in puts from the two PV strings. Two MPPT circuits are configured inside the SUN2000L. Each circuit tracks the maximum power point of one PV string respectively. The DC power is then converted into single-phase AC power through an inverter circuit. Surge protection is supported on both the DC and AC sides.

The SUN2000L has a reserved battery port to connect to batteries, which are used to store the surplus power produced by PV strings and not required by residential loads. The power stored in batteries can be exported to the power grid based on the load condition to meet peak and valley power consumption requirements and maximize the benefits.

Figure 2-10 Conceptual diagram



## **Working Modes**

Figure 2-11 Working modes

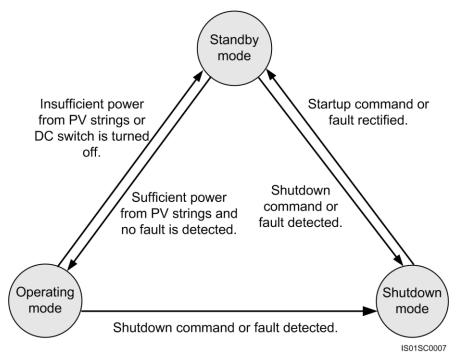


Table 2-5 Working mode description

Working Mode	Description		
Standby	The SUN2000L enters Standby mode when the external environment does not meet the requirements for starting the SUN2000L. In Standby mode:  • The SUN2000L continuously checks its status and enters Operating mode once the operating requirements are met.  • The SUN2000L enters Shutdown mode after detecting a shutdown		
Operating	command or a fault after startup.		
Operating	<ul> <li>In Operating mode:</li> <li>The SUN2000L converts DC power from PV strings into AC power and feeds the energy to the power grid.</li> </ul>		
	• The SUN2000L tracks the maximum power point to maximize the PV string output.		
	The SUN2000L enters Shutdown mode after detecting a fault or a shutdown command, and enters Standby mode after detecting that the PV string output power is not suitable for connecting to the power grid and producing power.		

Working Mode	Description
Shutdown	• In Standby or Operating mode, the SUN2000L enters Shutdown mode after detecting a fault or shutdown command.
	• In Shutdown mode, the SUN2000L enters Standby mode after detecting a startup command or that the fault is rectified.

# 3 Storage

The following requirements should be met when the SUN2000L needs to be stored prior to installation:

- Do not unpack the SUN2000L.
- Keep the storage temperature at  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+70^{\circ}$ C and the humidity at 5%-95% RH.
- The SUN2000L should be stored in a clean and dry place and be protected from dust and water vapor corrosion.
- A maximum of 10 SUN2000Ls can be stacked. To avoid personal injury or device damage, stack SUN2000Ls with caution to prevent them from falling over.
- Regular inspection is required during the storage. Replace the packing materials when necessary.
- After long-term storage, the SUN2000L needs to be inspected and tested by qualified persons before it is put into use.

# 4 System Installation

# 4.1 Checking Before Installation

## **Outer Packing Materials**

Before unpacking the SUN2000L, check the outer packing materials for damage, such as holes and cracks, and check the SUN2000L model. If any damage is found or the SUN2000L model is not what you requested, do not unpack the product and contact your supplier as soon as possible.

#### **NOTICE**

You are advised to remove the packing materials no more than 24 hours before installing the SUN2000L.

## **Package Contents**

After unpacking the SUN2000L, check that the contents are intact and complete. If any damage is found or any component is missing, contact your supplier.

MOTE

For details about the number of contents, see the Packing List in the packing case.

# 4.2 Tools and Instruments

Category	Tools and Instruments		
Installation	Hammer drill (with a Φ10 mm drill bit)	Torque socket wrench (open end: 13 mm, applicable for M8 bolts; torque range: 0–15 N•m)	Torque wrench (open end: 13 mm; torque range: 0–1.5 N•m)
	Diagonal pliers	Wire stripper	Torque screwdriver (head: M4 or M6; torque range: 0–5 N•m)
	Rubber mallet	Utility knife	Cable cutter
	Crimping tool (model: UTXTC0005/H4TC0003; manufacturer: Amphenol)	Open-end wrench (model: H4TW0001; manufacturer: Amphenol)	Cable tie
			₽
	Vacuum cleaner	Multimeter (DC voltage measurement range ≥ 600 V DC)	Marker

Category	Tools and Instruments		
		£.O	
	Measuring tape	Bubble or digital level	Hydraulic pliers
			N/A
	Heat shrink tubing	Heat gun	
PPE			
	Safety gloves	Safety goggles	Anti-dust respirator
	Cally Control of the	N/A	N/A
	Safety shoes		

# 4.3 Determining the Installation Position

### **Basic Requirements**

- The SUN2000L is protected to IP65 and can be installed indoors or outdoors.
- Do not install the SUN2000L in a place where a person can easily touch it because its enclosure and heat sinks are extremely hot during operation.
- Do not install the SUN2000L in areas with flammable or explosive materials.
- Do not install the SUN2000L at a place within children's reach.
- Do not install the SUN2000L outdoors in salt areas because it will be corroded there and may cause fire. A salt area refers to the region within 500 meters from the coast or prone to sea breeze. The regions prone to sea breeze vary depending on weather conditions (such as typhoons and monsoons) or terrains (such as dams and hills).

## **Installation Environment Requirements**

- The SUN2000L must be installed in a well-ventilated environment to ensure good heat dissipation.
- When installed under direct sunlight, the power of the SUN2000L may be derated due to additional temperature rise.
- Install the SUN2000L in a sheltered place or install an awning over the SUN2000L.

### **Mounting Structure Requirements**

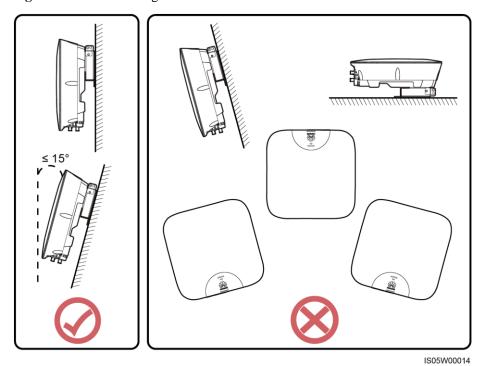
- The mounting structure where the SUN2000L is installed must be fireproof.
- Do not install the SUN2000L on flammable building materials.
- Ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear the weight load.
- In residential areas, do not install the SUN2000L on drywalls or walls made of similar materials which have a weak sound insulation performance because the noise generated by the SUN2000L is noticeable.

## **Installation Angle Requirements**

The SUN2000L can be wall-mounted or pole-mounted. The installation angle requirements are as follows:

- Install the SUN2000L vertically or at a maximum back tilted angle of 15 degrees to facilitate heat dissipation.
- Do not install the SUN2000L at forward tilted, excessively back tilted, side tilted, horizontal, or upside down positions.

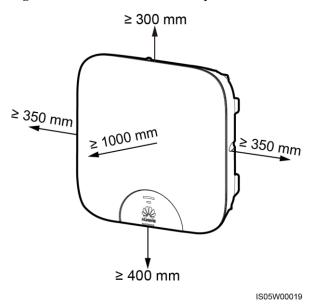
Figure 4-1 Installation angle



# **Installation Clearance Requirements**

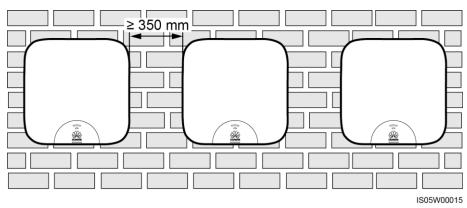
• Reserve enough clearance around the SUN2000L to ensure sufficient space for installation and heat dissipation.

Figure 4-2 Installation clearance requirements



 When installing multiple SUN2000Ls, install them in horizontal mode if the space is sufficient and install them in staggered mode if the space is insufficient. Stacked installation is not recommended.

Figure 4-3 Horizontal installation mode (recommended)



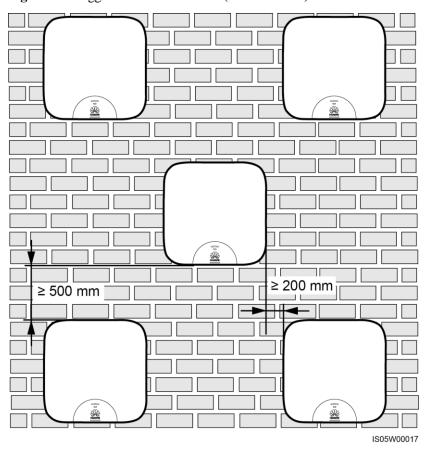


Figure 4-4 Staggered installation mode (recommended)

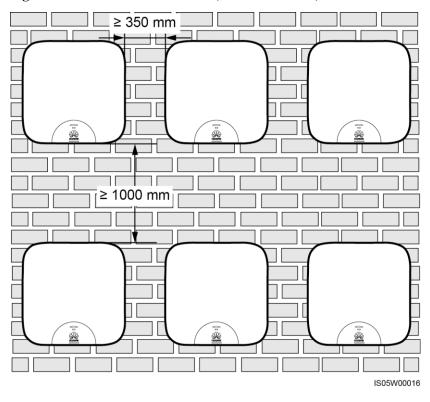
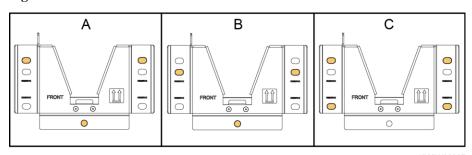


Figure 4-5 Stacked installation mode (not recommended)

# 4.4 Installing the Mounting Bracket

Fixing holes can be used in three combinations. Select a hole combination based on site requirements. Combination A is preferred.

Figure 4-6 Hole combinations



IS05W00027

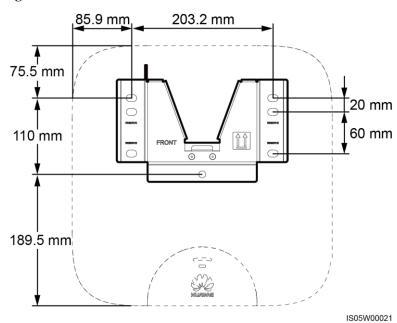


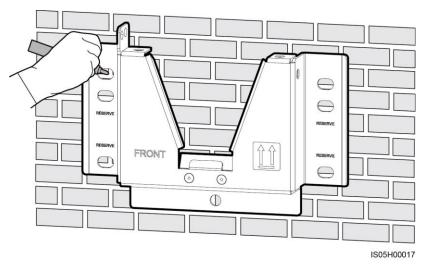
Figure 4-7 Hole distances

## 4.4.1 Wall-Mounted Installation

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Determine the positions for drilling holes using the mounting bracket. Level the positions of mounting holes using a bubble or digital level, and mark the positions with a marker.





Step 2 Install expansion bolts.

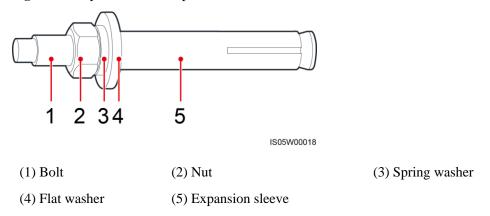
#### **▲** DANGER

Avoid drilling holes in the utility pipes and/or cables attached to back of the wall.

### ■ NOTE

If the length or number of M8x80 expansion bolts supplied with the SUN2000L is not enough, prepare M8 stainless steel expansion anchor bolts.

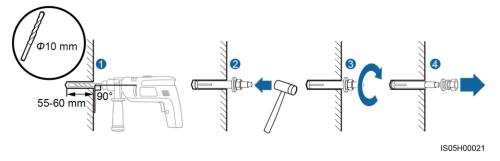
Figure 4-9 Expansion bolt composition



#### NOTICE

- To prevent dust inhalation or contact with eyes, wear safety goggles and an anti-dust respirator when drilling holes.
- Clean up any dust in and around the holes using a vacuum cleaner and measure the
  distance between holes. If the holes are inaccurately positioned, drill a new set of the
  holes.
- Level the head of the expansion sleeve with the concrete wall after removing the bolt, spring washer, and flat washer. Otherwise, the mounting bracket will not be securely installed on the concrete wall.

Figure 4-10 Installing an expansion bolt



**Step 3** Secure the mounting bracket.

M8
RESERVE FRONT
RESERVE
RESER

Figure 4-11 Securing a mounting bracket

----End

# 4.4.2 Support-mounted Installation

# Prerequisites

Prepare M8 stainless bolt assemblies (including flat washers, spring washers, and M8 bolts) with appropriate lengths as well as matched flat washers and nuts based on the support specifications.

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Determine the positions for drilling holes using the mounting bracket. Level the positions of mounting holes using a bubble or digital level, and mark the positions with a marker.

ISO5H00020

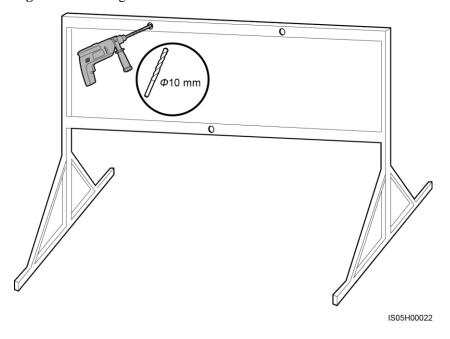
Figure 4-12 Determining hole positions

Step 2 Drill holes using a hammer drill.

**□** NOTE

You are advised to apply anti-rust paint on the hole positions for protection.

Figure 4-13 Drilling holes



**Step 3** Secure the mounting bracket.

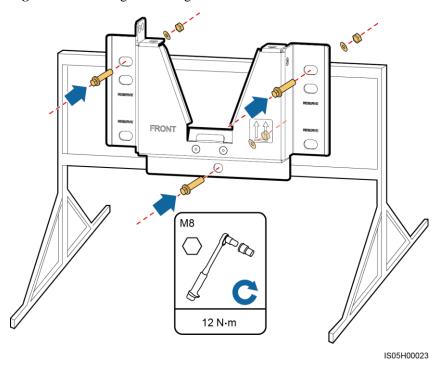


Figure 4-14 Securing a mounting bracket

----End

# 4.5 Installing the SUN2000L

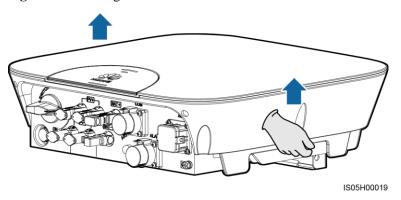
## **Procedure**

**Step 1** Hold the handles on both sides of the SUN2000L, lift the SUN2000L from the packing case, and move it to the installation position.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

- To prevent device damage and personal injury, keep balance when moving the SUN2000L.
- Do not use the wiring terminals and ports at the bottom to support any weight of the SUN2000L.
- When you need to temporally place the SUN2000L on the ground, use foam, paper or other protection materials to prevent damage to its cover.

Figure 4-15 Moving a SUN2000L

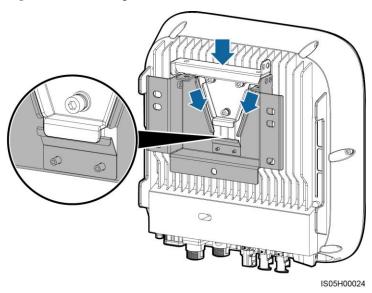


**Step 2** Install the SUN2000L on the mounting bracket and align the SUN2000L enclosure with the mounting bracket.

#### NOTICE

If the bottom of the mounting plate does not snap into place, push the SUN2000L from the front until the bottom of the mounting plate snaps into the mounting bracket.

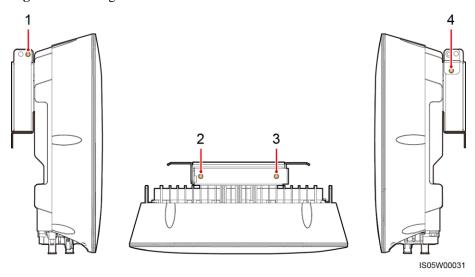
Figure 4-16 Mounting a SUN2000L



Step 3 Tighten screw assemblies.

Fixing holes can be used in three combinations. Select a hole combination based on site requirements. Combination A is preferred.

Figure 4-17 Fixing holes



Combination A: holes 2 and 3

Combination B: holes 1 and 3

Combination C: holes 1 and 4

Combination D: holes 2 and 4

M6 (4)
3 N·m

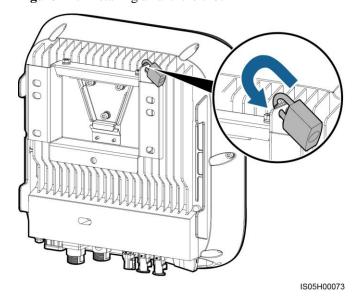
Figure 4-18 Tightening screw assemblies

Step 4 (Optional) Install an anti-theft lock.

The function of an anti-theft lock is to secure the SUN2000L to the mounting bracket and protect it from being stolen.

- Use an anti-theft lock suitable for the lock hole diameter ( $\Phi 8$  mm). The anti-theft lock is supplied by the customer.
- Keep the key to the anti-theft lock safe.

Figure 4-19 Installing an anti-theft lock



----End

# 4.6 Installing the WiFi Antenna

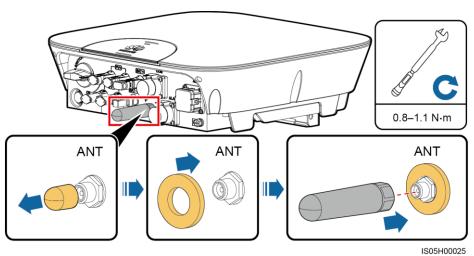
## **Procedure**

- **Step 1** Remove the watertight cap from the ANT port.
- **Step 2** Remove the release paper of the double-sided tape and attach the washer to the enclosure.
- **Step 3** Install the WiFi antenna.

#### NOTICE

Ensure that the WiFi antenna is installed securely.

Figure 4-20 Installing a WiFi antenna



----End

# 5 Electrical Connections

#### **Precautions**

#### **A** DANGER

Before connecting cables, ensure that the DC switch on the SUN2000L and all the switches connecting to the SUN2000L are OFF. Otherwise, the high voltage of the SUN2000L may result in electric shocks.

## **MARNING**

- The equipment damage caused by incorrect cable connections is beyond the warranty scope.
- Only certified electricians are allowed to connect cables.
- Operation personnel must wear proper PPE when connecting cables.

#### ■ NOTE

The cable colors shown in the electrical connection diagrams provided in this chapter are for reference only. Select cables in accordance with local cable specifications (green-and-yellow cables are only used for PE).

# 5.1 Preparing Cables

Figure 5-1 Network diagram (dashed boxes indicate optional components)

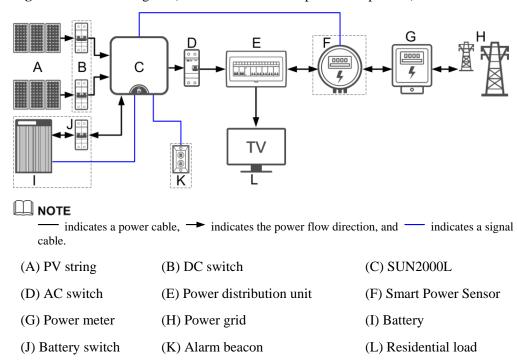


Figure 5-2 SUN2000L cable connections (dashed boxes indicate optional components)

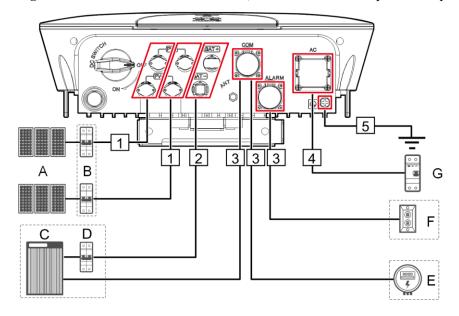


Table 5-1 Component description

No.	Component	Description	Source
A	PV string	<ul> <li>A PV string is composed of the PV modules connected in series and works with an optimizer.</li> <li>The SUN2000L supports the input from two PV strings.</li> </ul>	Purchased by the customer
В	DC switch	Recommended: a DC circuit breaker with a rated voltage greater than or equal to 600 V DC and a rated current of 20 A	Purchased by the customer
С	Battery	The batteries that can connect to the SUN2000L are LG-RESU (LG RESU7H and RESU10H).	Purchased by the customer
D	Battery switch	Recommended: a DC circuit breaker with a rated voltage greater than or equal to 600 V DC and a rated current of 20 A	Purchased by the customer
Е	Smart Power Sensor <sup>a</sup>	The Smart Power Sensors that can connect to the SUN2000L are DDSU666-H and DTSU666-H.	Can be purchased from Huawei
		The Smart Power Sensors that can connect to the SUN2000L are CCS-WNC-3Y-400-MB, Gavazzi-EM112DINAV01XS1X08, Gavazzi-EM340DINAV23XS1X08 and Gavazzi-EM111DINAV81XS1X08.	Purchased by the customer
F	Alarm beacon	The rated voltage is 12 V and the power is less than or equal to 3 W.	Purchased by the customer
G	AC switch	Recommended: a single-phase AC circuit breaker with a rated voltage greater than or equal to 250 V AC and a rated current of  • 16 A (SUN2000L-2KTL)  • 25 A (SUN2000L-3KTL and SUN2000L-3.68KTL)  • 32 A (SUN2000L-4KTL, SUN2000L-4.6KTL, and SUN2000L-5KTL)	Purchased by the customer
Note a:	Only the DDSU666-H Smart Sow	ver Sensor (provided by Huawei) can be us	sed in Spain.

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- The SUN2000L is embedded with a residual current monitoring unit (RCMU). Only a single-phase circuit breaker or a similar AC load breaking device is required to function as the external AC switch (shown by G in Figure 5-2) to ensure that the SUN2000L can be safely disconnected from the power grid.
- If the external AC switch can perform earth leakage protection, the rated leakage action current should be greater than or equal to 100 mA.
- If multiple SUN2000Ls connect to the general residual current device (RCD) through their respective external AC switches, the rated leakage action current of the general RCD should be greater than or equal to the number of SUN2000Ls multiplied by 100 mA.
- A knife switch cannot be used as an AC switch.

Table 5-2 Cable description

No.	Cable	Туре	Conductor Cross-sectional Area Range	Outer Diameter	Source
1	DC input power cable	Standard PV cable in the industry (recommended model: PV1-F)	4–6 mm <sup>2</sup>	4.5–7.8 mm	Purchased by the customer
2	Battery cable	Standard PV cable in the industry (recommended model: PV1-F)	4–6 mm <sup>2</sup>	4.5–7.8 mm	Purchased by the customer
3	Signal cable	Four-core outdoor shielded twisted pair cable	0.25–1 mm <sup>2</sup>	4–11 mm	Purchased by the customer
4	AC output power cable	<ul> <li>Not using the PE equipotential point at the AC output port: two-core (L and N) outdoor copper cable</li> <li>Using the PE equipotential point at the AC output port: three-core (L, N, and PE) outdoor copper cable</li> </ul>	4–6 mm <sup>2</sup>	10–21 mm	Purchased by the customer
5	PE cable	Single-core outdoor copper cable with an M6 OT terminal	4–10 mm <sup>2</sup>	N/A	Purchased by the customer

- The PE point at the AC output port is used only as a PE equipotential point, and cannot substitute for the PE point on the enclosure.
- When installing cables, ensure that the AC output power cable and PE cable are close to each other.
- When installing cables, ensure that the AC output power cable and DC input power cables are close to each other.
- When installing DC input power cables, ensure that the PV+ and PV- cables are close to each other.

# 5.2 Installing the PE Cable

#### Context

#### **A DANGER**

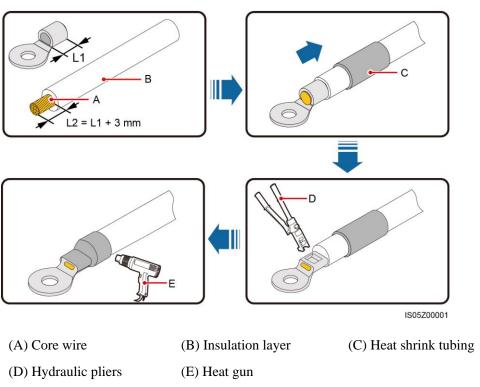
Do not connect the neutral wire to the enclosure as a PE cable. Otherwise, electric shocks could occur.

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Crimp the OT terminal.

- Pay attention not to damage the core wire when stripping a cable.
- The cavity formed after the conductor crimp strip of the OT terminal is crimped must wrap the core wires completely. The core wires must contact the OT terminal closely.
- Wrap the wire crimping area with heat shrink tubing or PVC insulation tape. The following figure uses heat shrink tubing as an example.
- When using the heat gun, protect devices from being scorched.

Figure 5-3 Crimping an OT terminal



**Step 2** Connect the PE cable.

#### NOTICE

Ensure that the PE cable is connected securely.

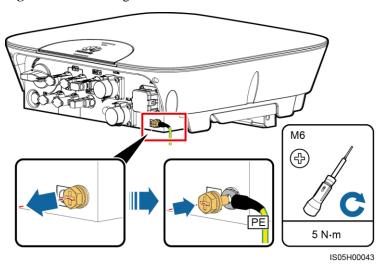


Figure 5-4 Connecting a PE cable

#### M NOTE

- The PE point at the AC output port is used only as a PE equipotential point, and cannot substitute for the PE point on the enclosure.
- To enhance the corrosion resistance of a ground terminal, apply silica gel or paint around the terminal after connecting the PE cable.

#### ----End

# 5.3 Installing the AC Output Power Cable

## **Prerequisites**

An AC switch must be installed on the AC side of the SUN2000L to ensure that the SUN2000L can be safely disconnected from the power grid.



Do not connect any load between the SUN2000L and the AC switch.

#### Context

The SUN2000L can detect the grounding. This function is used to detect whether the SUN2000L is properly grounded before starting it, or to detect whether the PE cable is disconnected when the SUN2000L is working. This function is available only under limited conditions. To ensure the safe operation of the SUN2000L, properly ground the SUN2000L in strict accordance with the connection requirements for PE cables. For certain types of power grids, if an isolation transformer connects to the output side of the SUN2000L, you need to set **Grounding inspection** to **Disable** after checking that the SUN2000L is properly grounded. Then the SUN2000L can start normally. If you are not sure whether the SUN2000L connects to such a power grid, confirm it with your supplier or Huawei technical support.

## M NOTE

According to IEC62109, to ensure the safe operation of the SUN2000L in the case of PE cable
damage or disconnection, connect the SUN2000L PE cable according to the requirements described
in 5.2 Installing the PE Cable and ensure that the SUN2000L PE cable meets at least one of the
following requirements before disabling the grounding detection function.

The SUN2000L PE cable is a copper cable with a cross-sectional area of at least 10 mm<sup>2</sup>.

Use two cables that have the same diameter as the AC output power cable to ground the PE terminal on the AC connector and the ground screw on the enclosure respectively (see 5.2 Installing the PE Cable and 5.3 Installing the AC Output Power Cable for details).

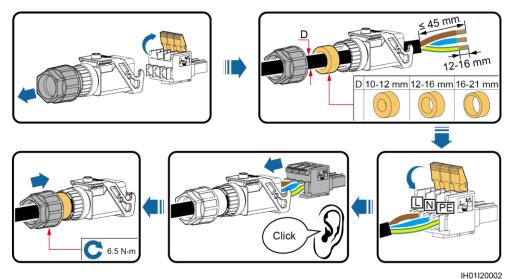
Certain countries require an additional PE cable for the SUN2000L. In this case, use two cables that
have the same diameter as the AC output power cable to ground the PE terminal on the AC
connector and the ground screw on the enclosure respectively (see 5.2 Installing the PE Cable and
5.3 Installing the AC Output Power Cable for details).

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Connect the AC output power cable to the AC connector.

- Ensure that the cable jacket is inside the connector.
- Ensure that the exposed core wire is totally inserted into the cable hole.
- Ensure that AC terminations provide firm and solid electrical connections. Failing to do so may cause SUN2000L malfunction and damage to its AC connectors.
- Ensure that the cable is not twisted.

Figure 5-5 Assembling an AC connector (three-core wire)



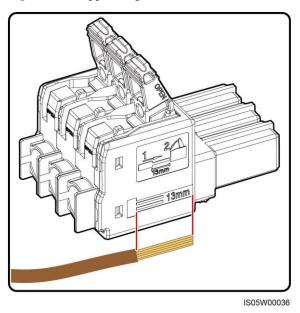
45 mm 12-16 mm D 10-12 mm 12-16 mm 16-21 mm C 6.5 N·m

Figure 5-6 Assembling an AC connector (two-core wire)

# ■ NOTE

- The cable colors shown in figures are for reference only. Select an appropriate cable according to the local standards.
- For the core wire installation method and stripped length, see the instructions on the side of the plug insert.

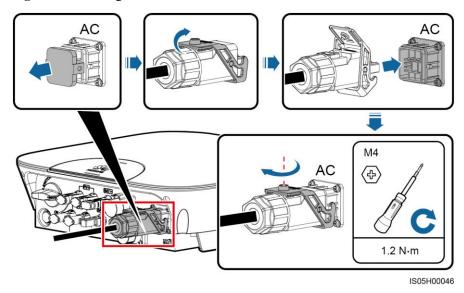
Figure 5-7 Stripped length



**Step 2** Connect the AC connector to the AC output port.

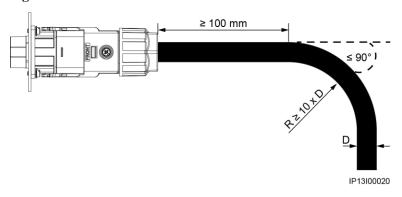
Ensure that the AC connector is connected securely.

Figure 5-8 Securing an AC connector



**Step 3** Check the route of the AC output power cable.

Figure 5-9 Cable route



----End

## Follow-up Procedure

## **▲ WARNING**

Before removing the AC connector, ensure that the DC switch at the bottom of the SUN2000L and all the switches connecting to the SUN2000L are OFF.

To remove the AC connector from the SUN2000L, perform the operations in reverse order.

Figure 5-10 Removing a plug insert

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# 5.4 Installing the DC Input Power Cable

## **Prerequisites**

#### **A DANGER**

- Before connecting the DC input power cable, ensure that the DC voltage is within the safe range (lower than 60 V DC) and that the DC switch on the SUN2000L is OFF. Failing to do so may result in electric shocks.
- When the SUN2000L is operating, it is not allowed to work on DC circuit, such as
  connecting or disconnecting a PV string or a PV module in a PV string. Failing to do so
  may cause electric shocks.
- If no PV string connects to the DC input terminals, do not remove the watertight cap from the DC input terminals. Otherwise, the SUN2000L will not comply with its Ingress Protection Rating.

#### **MARNING**

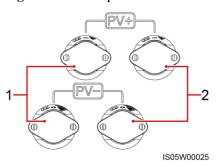
Ensure that the following conditions are met. Otherwise, the SUN2000L will be damaged, or even become a fire hazard.

- The open-circuit voltage of each PV string is always lower than or equal to 600 V DC.
- The positive and negative terminals of a PV string connect to corresponding positive and negative DC input terminals of the SUN2000L.
- If polarity of the DC input power cable is reversed and the DC switch is ON, do not turn off the DC switch immediately or unplug positive and negative connectors. Wait until the solar irradiance declines at night and the PV string current reduces to below 0.5 A, and then turn off the DC switch and remove the positive and negative connectors. Correct the string polarity before reconnecting the string to the SUN2000L.

- The PV terminal of the inverter supports only the PV string input and cannot be connected to other power supplies. Since the output of the PV string connected to the SUN2000L cannot be grounded, ensure that the PV module output is well insulated to ground.
- During the installation of PV strings and SUN2000L, the positive or negative terminals of PV strings may be grounded if power cables are not properly installed or routed. In this case, an AC or DC short circuit may occur and damage the SUN2000L. This damage is not covered under any warranty.

#### Context

Figure 5-11 DC input terminals



- (1) The first set of DC input terminals
- (2) The second set of DC input terminals

#### **Procedure**

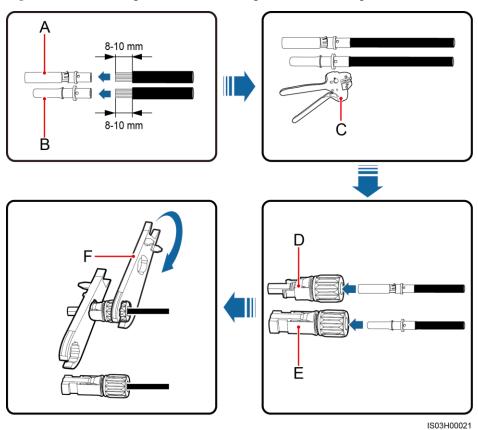
**Step 1** Assemble the black positive and negative connectors.

## **⚠** CAUTION

Use the positive and negative metal contacts and DC connectors supplied with the SUN2000L. Using incompatible positive and negative metal contacts and DC connectors may result in serious consequences. The caused device damage is not covered under any warranty.

- Cables with high rigidity, such as armored cables, are not recommended as DC input power cables, because poor contact may be caused by the bending of the cables.
- The metal contacts supplied with the DC connectors are either cold forming contacts or stamping forming contacts. Crimp the metal cold forming contacts using crimping tool UTXTC0005 (Amphenol, recommended) or H4TC0001 (Amphenol). Crimp the metal stamping forming contacts using crimping tool H4TC0003 (Amphenol, recommended) or H4TC0002 (Amphenol).
- DC terminal model (cold forming metal terminal): straight male HH4CMD5TM and straight female HH4CFC5DM; DC terminal model (stamping forming metal terminal): straight male HH4CMD4TMS and straight female HH4CFD4TMS.
- Before assembling DC input connectors, label the cable polarities correctly to ensure correct cable connections.
- After crimping the positive and negative metal contacts, pull the DC input power cables back to check that they are connected securely.
- Insert the crimped metal contacts of the positive and negative power cables into the
  corresponding positive and negative connectors. Then pull back the DC input power cables
  to check that they are connected securely.

Figure 5-12 Assembling DC connectors (using metal cold forming contacts)



- (A) Positive metal contact
- (B) Negative metal contact
- (C) UTXTC0005 crimping tool

- (D) Positive connector
- (E) Negative connector
- (F) H4TW0001 open-end wrench

8-10 mm 8-10 mm B D Ε IS03H00021

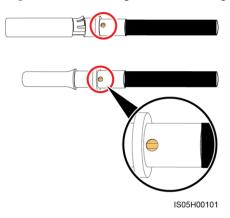
Figure 5-13 Assembling DC connectors (using metal stamping forming contacts)

- (A) Positive metal contact (B) Negative metal contact
- (C) H4TC0003 crimping tool

- (D) Positive connector
- (E) Negative connector
- (F) H4TW0001 open-end wrench

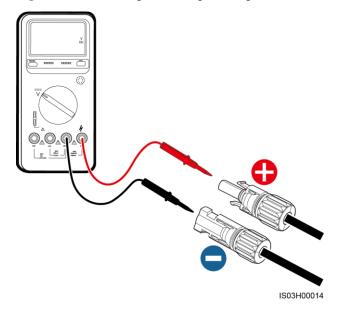
Ensure that the core wires can be seen through the hole on the terminal both before and after the positive and negative metal terminals are crimped.

Figure 5-14 Observing core wires through the hole on the terminal



**Step 2** Ensure that the DC input voltage of each PV string is within the specified range of the SUN2000L using a multimeter and check that the polarities of DC input power cables are correct.

Figure 5-15 Measuring the DC input voltage



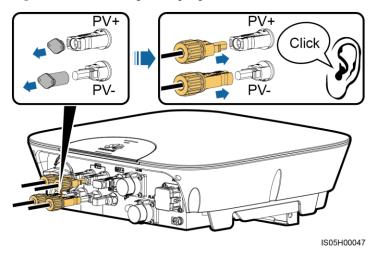
## **⚠ WARNING**

Before performing Step 3, ensure that the DC switch is OFF.

**Step 3** Insert the positive and negative connectors into corresponding DC input terminals on the SUN2000L.

After the positive and negative connectors snap into place, pull the DC input power cables back to check that they are connected securely.

Figure 5-16 Connecting DC input power cables



#### NOTICE

If polarity of the DC input power cable is reversed and the DC switch is ON, do not turn off the DC switch immediately or unplug positive and negative connectors. The device may be damaged if you do not follow the instruction. This damage is not covered under any warranty. Wait until the solar irradiance declines at night and the PV string current reduces to below 0.5 A, and then turn off the DC switch and remove the positive and negative connectors. Correct the string polarity before reconnecting the string to the SUN2000L.

----End

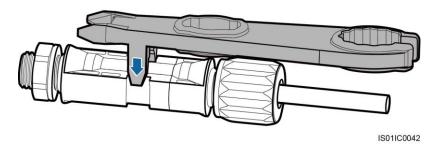
## Follow-up Procedure

#### **MARNING**

Before removing the positive and negative connectors, ensure that the DC switch is OFF.

To remove the positive and negative connectors from the SUN2000L, insert an open-end wrench into the notch and press the wrench with an appropriate force.

Figure 5-17 Removing a DC connector



# 5.5 Installing Battery Cables

## **Prerequisites**

#### **A DANGER**

- Battery short circuits may cause personal injury. The high transient current generated by a short circuit will release a surge of power and may even cause fire.
- Do not connect or disconnect battery cables when the SUN2000L is running. Failing to do so may cause electric shocks.
- Before connecting battery cables, ensure that the DC switch on the SUN2000L and all the switches connecting to the SUN2000L are OFF, and the SUN2000L has no residual electricity. Otherwise, the high voltage of the SUN2000L and battery may result in electric shocks.
- If no battery connects to the SUN2000L, do not remove the watertight cap from the battery terminal. Otherwise, the SUN2000L will not comply with its Ingress Protection Rating. If a battery connects to the SUN2000L, set aside the watertight cap. Reinstall the watertight cap immediately after removing the connector. The high voltage of the battery terminal may result in electric shocks.

A battery switch can be configured between the SUN2000L and the battery to ensure that the SUN2000L can be safely disconnected from the battery.

#### **↑** WARNING

Do not connect any load between the SUN2000L and the battery.

Ensure that the following conditions are met. Otherwise, the SUN2000L will be damaged, or even become a fire hazard.

The battery cables should be connected correctly. That is, the positive and negative terminals of the battery connect to the positive and negative battery terminals on the SUN2000L respectively.

- During the installation of the SUN2000L and battery, the positive or negative terminal of
  the battery will be short-circuited to ground if power cables are not installed or routed as
  required. In this case, an AC or DC short circuit may occur and damage the SUN2000L.
  This damage is not covered under any warranty or service agreement.
- The cables between the battery and the SUN2000L should be less than or equal to 10 meters, and within 5 meters is recommended.

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Assemble the blue positive and negative connectors by following the instructions in 5.4 Installing the DC Input Power Cable.

#### **A** DANGER

- The battery voltage will result in serious injury. Use dedicated insulation tools to connect cables
- Ensure that cables are correctly connected between the battery terminal and the battery switch, and between the battery switch and the SUN2000L battery terminal.

#### **NOTICE**

Cables with high rigidity, such as armored cables, are not recommended, because poor contact may be caused by the bending of the cables.

**Step 2** Insert the positive and negative connectors into corresponding battery terminals on the SUN2000L.

#### NOTICE

After the positive and negative connectors snap into place, pull the battery cables back to check that they are secured.

BAT+ Click BAT-

Figure 5-18 Installing battery cables

----End

# 5.6 Installing the Signal Cable

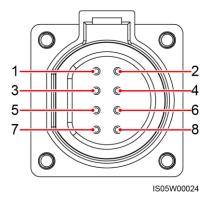
#### Context

#### NOTICE

When laying out signal cables, separate them from power cables to avoid strong signal interference sources.

IS05H00048

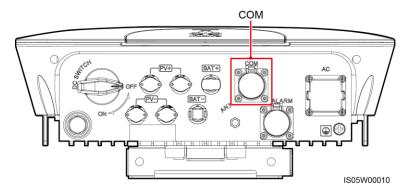
Figure 5-19 Signal Cable Ports



■ NOTE

Signal cable ports are classified into COM ports and ALARM ports.

Figure 5-20 COM Ports

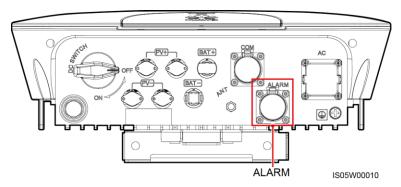


The COM port provides two RS485 communications ports and one enable signal port to connect to Smart Power Sensors, batteries, and so on.

**Table 5-3** COM port definitions

No.	Label	Definition	Description	
1	485B1	RS485B, RS485 differential signal—	Reserved, can connect to the RS485 signal port on the Smart Power Sensor.	
2	485A1	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+		
3	485B2	RS485B, RS485 differential signal—	Reserved, can connect to the RS485 signal port and enable signal port on a battery.	
4	485A2	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+		
5	EN-	Enable signal—		
6	EN+	Enable signal+		
7	N/A	N/A	N/A	
8	PE	Shielding ground	Connects to the shield layer of the cable.	

Figure 5-21 ALARM Ports



The ALARM port provides an alarm signal port to connect to an alarm beacon, which reminds the user to handle the **Low Insulation Resistance**, **Abnormal Residual Current**, or **Faulty Residual Current Sensor** alarm. The ALARM port reserves an RS485/12 V signal port.

- The alarm beacon should be installed within 2 meters away from the SUN2000L.
- The shield layer of the device signal cable connected to the ALARM port and the COM port is also advised to be grounded.
- The **Faulty Residual Current Sensor** alarm is the Abnormal Device alarm with a cause ID of 5.

Table 5-4 ALARM port definitions

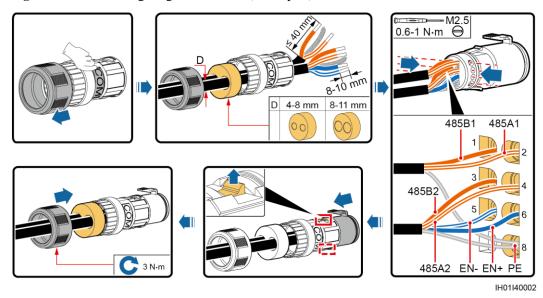
No.	Label	Definition	Description	
1	ALARM-	Alarm signal–	Reserved, can connect to the power port on an alarm beacon	
2	ALARM+	Alarm signal+		
3	485B3	RS485B, RS485 differential signal—	Reserved RS485/12 V signal port, output power of the 12 V power supply ≤ 3 W	
4	485A3	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+		
5	12 V-	Negative of the 12 V power supply		
6	12 V+	Positive of the 12 V power supply		
7	N/A	N/A	N/A	
8	PE	Shielding ground	Connects to the shield layer of the cable.	

#### **Procedure**

**Step 1** Connect signal cables to appropriate signal connectors.

- The protection layer of the cable is in the connector. Surplus core wires are cut off from the protection layer.
- Ensure that the exposed core wire is totally inserted into the cable hole.
- Ensure that the signal cables are connected securely.
- Ensure that the cable is not twisted.
- If a connector needs to connect to only one signal cable, block the unused cable hole on the seal using a waterproofing bolt and tighten the sealing nut.
- If a connector needs to connect to two signal cables, ensure that the cables have the same outer diameter.

Figure 5-22 Assembling a signal connector (COM port)



ALARM+
ALARMAL

Figure 5-23 Assembling a signal connector (ALARM port)

Step 2 Connect the signal connector to the corresponding port.

- Do not confuse the connector to the COM port with that of ALARM port.
- Ensure that the signal connector is connected securely.

Figure 5-24 Securing a connector (COM port)

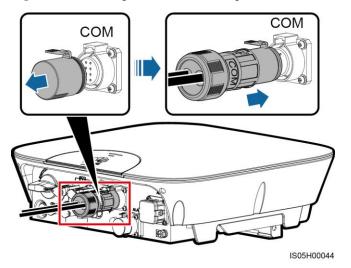
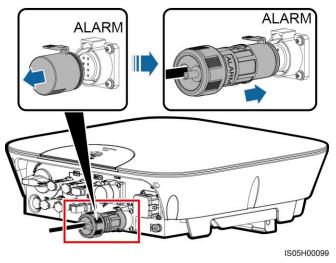


Figure 5-25 Securing a connector (ALARM port)



----End

# 6 System Commissioning

# 6.1 Checking Before Power-On

Table 6-1 Installation checklist

No.	Check Item	Acceptance Criteria
1	SUN2000L installation	The SUN2000L is installed correctly, securely, and reliably.
2	WiFi antenna installation	The WiFi antenna is installed correctly, securely, and reliably.
3	Cable layout	Cables are routed properly as required by the customer.
4	Cable tie	Cable ties are secured evenly and no burr exists.
5	Grounding	The ground cable is connected correctly, securely, and reliably.
6	Switch status	The DC switch and all the switches connecting to the SUN2000L are OFF.
7	Cable connections	The AC output power cable, DC input power cable, battery cable, and signal cable are connected correctly, securely, and reliably.
8	Unused terminals and ports	Unused terminals and ports are blocked by watertight caps.
9	Installation environment	The installation space is proper, and the installation environment is clean and tidy, without foreign matter.

# 6.2 Powering On the System

## **Prerequisites**

Before turning on the AC switch between the SUN2000L and the power grid, check that the AC voltage on the power grid side of the AC switch is within the specified range.

#### **NOTICE**

- If the DC is on and the AC is off, the SUN2000L reports a **Grid Loss** alarm. The SUN2000L starts normally only after the fault is rectified.
- If the AC is on and the battery is off, the SUN2000L reports a **Battery Abnormal** alarm.
- If the inverters are connected to batteries, turn on the DC switch within 1 minute after turning on the AC switch. Otherwise, the inverters, connected to the power grid, will shut down and start again.

#### **Procedure**

- **Step 1** If a battery connects to the battery port, turn on the battery Auxiliary Power ON/OFF switch, and then turn on the battery Circuit Breaker switch.
- **Step 2** Turn on the AC switch between the SUN2000L and the power grid.
- **Step 3** Turn on the DC switch between the PV string and the SUN2000L if there is any.
- **Step 4** Turn on the DC switch at the bottom of the SUN2000L.
- **Step 5** Observe the LEDs to check the SUN2000L operating status.

Table 6-2 LED description

Туре	Status		Meaning	
Running	LED 1	LED 2	N/A	
indication LED1 LED2	Steady green	Steady green	The SUN2000L is exporting power to the power grid.	
	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	Off	The DC is on and the AC is off.	
	Off	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	The DC is off and the AC is on.	
	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	The DC is on, the AC is on, and the SUN2000L is not exporting power to the power grid.	
	Off	Off	Both the DC and AC are off, or the SUN2000L is in Low Power Consumption mode. Low Power Consumption mode means that the monitoring system of the SUN2000L is hibernating.	
	Steady red	Steady red	The SUN2000L is faulty.	
Communication	LED 3		N/A	
indication LED3	Blinking green at short intervals (on for 0.2s and then off for 0.2s)		Communicating (Communicating means that the communication with the upper-level management unit is in progress. However, if a mobile phone accesses the SUN2000L, the LED indicates the "mobile phone access status: blinking green at long intervals" first.)	
	Blinking green at long intervals (on for 1s and then off for 1s)		The mobile phone is connected to the SUN2000L.	
	Off		No communication	

----End

# 6.3 Commissioning

# 6.3.1 Scenario 1: Commissioning Through Setup Wizard

## Downloading the App

Search for "FusionSolar" from the following app stores or scan the corresponding QR code, download the installation package, and install the FusionSolar app by following the instructions.

- Google Play (Android)
- App Store (iOS)

#### Figure 6-1 QR code

iOS Android

Android

Android

App Store

Android

#### M NOTE

- The screenshots shown in the document are from FusionSolar V2.3.0. Data in the screenshots is for reference only. The actual screens prevail.
- The initial password for connecting the inverter WiFi is Changeme
- The initial password of the **installer** is **00000a**.
- Use the initial password upon first power-on and change it immediately after login. To ensure account security, change the password periodically and keep the new password in mind. Not changing the initial password may cause password disclosure. A password left unchanged for a long period of time may be stolen or cracked. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these cases, the user is liable for any loss caused to the PV plant.

## (Optional) Installer Account Registration

Creating the first installer account will generate a domain named after the company.

#### **Ⅲ** NOTE

If you have an installer account, skip this step.

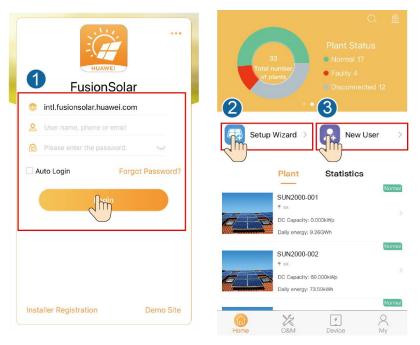
Figure 6-2 Creating the first installer account

To create multiple installer accounts for the same company, log in to the FusionSolar app and tap **New User**.

Figure 6-3 Creating multiple installer accounts for the same company

# Creating a PV Plant and an Account for User

Figure 6-4 Creating a PV Plant and an Account for User



M NOTE

For details, see the FusionSolar App Quick Guide.

You can scan the QR code to obtain it.



# 6.3.2 Scenario 2: Device Commissioning

1. Access **Device commissioning**.

Figure 6-5 Method 1: before login

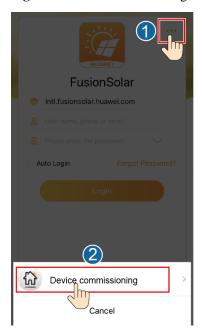
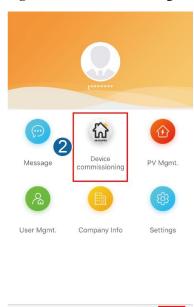
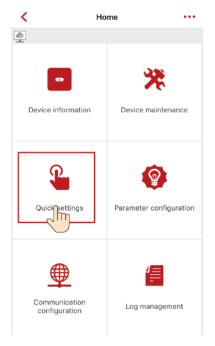


Figure 6-6 Method 2: after login



2. Connect to the inverter WiFi. Log in as **installer**, and perform **Quick settings**.

Figure 6-7 Quick settings



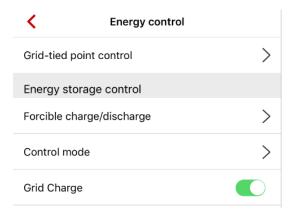
## M NOTE

- The initial password for connecting the inverter WiFi is Changeme
- The initial password of the installer is 00000a
- Use the initial password upon first power-on and change it immediately after login. To ensure
  account security, change the password periodically and keep the new password in mind. Not
  changing the initial password may cause password disclosure. A password left unchanged for a long
  period of time may be stolen or cracked. If a password is lost, devices cannot be accessed. In these
  cases, the user is liable for any loss caused to the PV plant.
- To set more parameters, tap **Parameter configuration**.

# **6.4 Energy Control**

On the **Home** screen, choose **Device maintenance** > **Energy control** and perform the corresponding operation.

Figure 6-8 Energy control



## 6.4.1 Grid-tied Point Control

#### **Procedure**

Step 1 On the Home screen, choose Device maintenance > Energy control > Grid-tied point control and perform the required operation.

Figure 6-9 Grid-tied point control

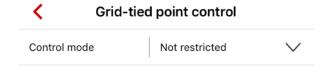


Table 6-3 Description of control mode parameters

Parameter	Description	Value Range
Control mode	If this parameter is set to <b>Not restricted</b> , the SUN2000L output power is not limited. The SUN2000L can export its rated power to the power grid.	<ul> <li>Not restricted</li> <li>Grid connected with zero power</li> <li>Power-limited Grid Connected</li> </ul>
	If this parameter is set to Grid connected with zero power and the SUN2000L is connected to a power	

Parameter	Description	Value Range
	meter, the output power of the SUN2000L is supplied only to the local load, but not the power grid.	
	If this parameter is set to Power-limited Grid Connected and the SUN2000L is connected to a power meter, the SUN2000L supplies power limited based on the setting of Grid-tied Point Power to the power grid.	

## 6.4.2 Energy Storage Control

### Forcible Charge/Discharge

Step 1 On the Home screen, choose Device maintenance > Energy control > Energy storage control > Forcible charge/discharge and perform operations as required.

Figure 6-10 Forcible charge/discharge



**Table 6-4** Description of forced charge/discharge parameters

Parameter	Description	Value Range
Charge/discharge power	The battery is charging or discharging when the command is set.	<ul><li>Stop</li><li>Charge</li><li>Discharge</li></ul>
Forced charge/discharge power (kW)	Specifies the forced charge/discharge power.	<ul><li>Charge: [0, Maximum charge power]</li><li>Discharge: [0, Maximum</li></ul>

Parameter	Description	Value Range
		discharge power]
Forced charge/discharge period (mins)	Specifies the forced charge/discharge duration.	[0, 1440]
Remaining charge/discharge time (mins)	Displays the remaining charge/discharge time. This parameter cannot be set.	[0, 1440]

### **Control Mode**

Step 1 On the Home screen, choose Device maintenance > Energy control > Energy storage control > Control mode and perform the required operation.

Figure 6-11 Fixed charge/discharge

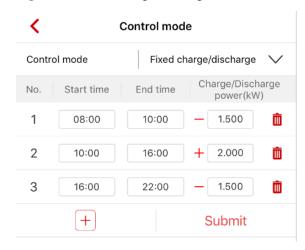


Figure 6-12 Maximise self consumption



Figure 6-13 Time-of-use price

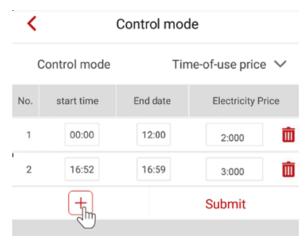


 Table 6-5 Description of energy storage control parameters

Parameter	Description	Value Range
Control mode	If this parameter is set to Fixed charge/discharge, the battery is charging or discharging during the configured period. A maximum of 10 time periods can be added.  If this parameter is set to Maximise self consumption and the SUN2000L is connected to a power meter, the battery is charging when the PV power is more than the local load. The battery is discharging when the PV power is less than the local load.  If this parameter is set to Time-of-use price, the battery is discharged when the electricity price is high and charged when the electricity price is low. A maximum of 10 price time periods can	<ul> <li>Fixed charge/discharge</li> <li>Maximise self consumption</li> <li>Time-of-use price</li> </ul>
	be added.	

### **Grid Charge**

Step 1 On the Home screen, choose Device maintenance > Energy control > Energy storage control > Grid charge and perform the required operation.

Figure 6-14 Grid charge

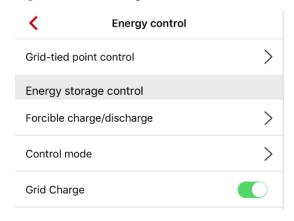


Table 6-6 Parameter description of Grid charge

Parameter	Description	Value Range
Grid charge	The power grid will charge the battery if <b>Grid charge</b> is enabled.	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>
	If <b>Grid charge</b> function is disabled by default, comply with the grid charge requirements stipulated in local laws and regulations when this function is enabled.	

----End

## 6.5 IPS Test (for Italy CEI0-21 Grid Code only)

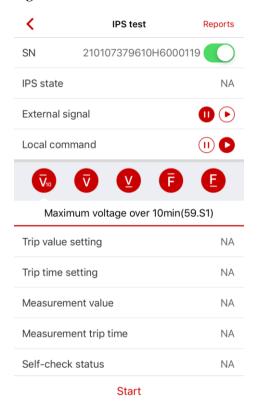
### Context

The Italy CEI0-21 grid code requires IPS check for the SUN2000L. During the self-check process, the SUN2000L consecutively checks the protection thresholds and time for 10-min overvoltage, level 1 overvoltage, level 1 undervoltage, level 1 overfrequency, and level 1 underfrequency. The SUN2000L shuts down after the check starts, and it restarts after the check is successful.

### **Procedure**

Step 1 On the Home screen, choose Device maintenance > IPS test to access the IPS test screen.

Figure 6-15 IPS test



**Step 2** Choose to start the S1 or S2 check as required. The default check type is S2. To start the S2 check, you need to set **External Signal** or **Local Command**.

Table 6-7 Check type description

Check Type	Description	External Signal Setting	Local Command Setting
S1	The level 1 overfrequency protection threshold is 50.5 Hz and the level 1 underfrequency protection threshold is 49.5 Hz.	•	•
S2	The level 1 overfrequency protection threshold is 51.5 Hz and the level 1 underfrequency	•	

Check Type	Description	External Signal Setting	Local Command Setting
	protection threshold is 47.5 Hz.		
S2 (default)	The level 1 overfrequency protection threshold is 51.5 Hz and the level 1 underfrequency protection threshold is 47.5 Hz.		
S2	The level 1 overfrequency protection threshold is 51.5 Hz and the level 1 underfrequency protection threshold is 47.5 Hz.		

**Step 3** Tap **Start** to start the check. After the check is complete, **IPS State** is displayed as **Self-test success**.

## 6.6 Powering Off the System

### Context

### **MWARNING**

- After the SUN2000L is powered off, the remaining electricity and heat may still cause electric shocks and body burns. Therefore, put on protective gloves and operate the SUN2000L 5 minutes after the power-off.
- If the SUN2000L is connected to the battery, ensure that a shutdown command is sent from the app. Power off the system after the SUN2000L has shut down. If no shutdown command is sent from the app, the SUN2000L will shut down after the power grid is powered off. Then, the SUN2000L will wait for 1 minute and restart (not grid-tied) to charge the battery, which poses the risk of turning off the DC switch with power.

### **Procedure**

- **Step 1** Send a shutdown command from the app.
- Step 2 Turn off the AC switch between the SUN2000L and the power grid.

- **Step 3** Turn off the DC switch at the bottom of the SUN2000L.
- **Step 4** Turn off the DC switch between the PV string and the SUN2000L if there is any.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Step 5} & \textbf{If a battery connects to the battery port, turn off the battery switch.} \\ \end{tabular}$

## **7** System Maintenance

## 7.1 Routine Maintenance

To ensure that the SUN2000L can operate properly in the long term, you are advised to perform routine maintenance on it as described in this chapter.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

Before cleaning the system, connecting cables, and maintaining the grounding reliability, power off the system (see 6.3 Powering Off the System for details).

Table 7-1 Maintenance checklist

Check Item	Acceptance Criteria	Maintenance Interval
System cleanliness	The heat sinks are free from obstacles or dust.	Once every 6 to 12 months
System running status	<ul> <li>The SUN2000L is not damaged or deformed.</li> <li>The SUN2000L operates with no abnormal sound.</li> <li>All SUN2000L parameters are correctly set. Perform this check when the SUN2000L is running.</li> </ul>	Once every 6 months
Electrical connections	<ul> <li>Cables are securely connected.</li> <li>Cables are intact, and in particular, the cable jackets touching the metallic surface are not scratched.</li> <li>Unused DC input terminals, battery terminals, COM ports, ALARM ports, and ANT ports are locked by watertight caps.</li> </ul>	Perform the first maintenance 6 months after the initial commissioning. From then on, perform the maintenance once every 6 to 12 months.

Check Item	Acceptance Criteria	Maintenance Interval
Grounding reliability	Ground cables are securely connected.	Perform the first maintenance 6 months after the initial commissioning. From then on, perform the maintenance once every 6 to 12 months.

## 7.2 Troubleshooting

Alarm severities are defined as follows:

- Major: The SUN2000L enters Shutdown mode and disconnects from the power grid to stop generating power after a fault occurs.
- Minor: Some components are faulty but the SUN2000L can still connect to the power grid and generate power.
- Warning: The SUN2000L output power decreases due to external factors.

Table 7-2 Common alarms and troubleshooting measures

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2001	High String Input Voltage	Major	The PV array is incorrectly configured. Excessive PV modules are connected in series to the PV string, and therefore the open-circuit voltage exceeds the maximum inverter input voltage.	Reduce the number of PV modules connected in series to the PV string until the PV string open-circuit voltage is less than or equal to the maximum inverter input voltage. After the PV array is correctly configured, the inverter alarm disappears.  The following is the mapping
				between PV strings and alarm cause IDs:
				• Cause ID 1: string 1
				• Cause ID 2: string 2

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2011	String Reversed	Major	The PV string is reversely connected.	Check whether the PV string is reversely connected to the SUN2000L. If so, wait until the solar irradiance declines at night and the PV string current reduces to below 0.5 A. Then, turn off the DC switch and correct the PV string polarity.  The following is the mapping between PV strings and alarm cause IDs:  Cause ID 1: string 1  Cause ID 2: string 2
2032	Grid Failure	Major	<ul> <li>Cause ID = 1</li> <li>The power grid experiences an outage.</li> <li>The AC circuit is disconnected or AC switch is off.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check the AC voltage.</li> <li>Check that the AC power cable is connected and that the AC switch is ON.</li> </ol>
2033	Grid Undervoltage	Major	Cause ID = 1  The grid voltage is below the lower threshold or the low voltage duration has lasted for more than the value specified by LVRT.	If the alarm occurs accidentally, the power grid may be abnormal temporarily. The SUN2000L automatically recovers after detecting that the power grid becomes normal.      If the alarm occurs
				<ol> <li>If the alarm occurs frequently, check whether the grid voltage is within the acceptable range. If not, contact the local power operator. If so, modify the power grid undervoltage protection thresholds with the consent of the local power operator.</li> <li>If the fault persists for a long time, check the connection between the AC switch and the output power cable.</li> </ol>

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2034	Grid Overvoltage	Major	Cause ID = 1  The grid voltage exceeds the higher threshold or the high voltage duration has lasted for more than the value specified by HVRT.	<ol> <li>Check whether the grid connection voltage exceeds the upper threshold. If so, contact the local power operator.</li> <li>If you have confirmed that the grid connection voltage exceeds the upper threshold and obtained the consent of the local power operator, modify the overvoltage protection thresholds.</li> <li>Check whether the peak grid voltage exceeds the upper threshold.</li> </ol>
2035	Unbalanced Grid Voltage	Major	The difference between grid phase voltages exceeds the upper threshold.	<ol> <li>Check that the grid voltage is within the normal range.</li> <li>Check the connection of the AC output power cable.</li> <li>If the cable connection is proper but the alarm occurs frequently and affects the power production of the PV plant, contact the local power operator.</li> </ol>
2036	Grid Overfrequency	Major	Cause ID = 1  Power grid exception: The actual grid frequency is higher than the local power grid standard.	<ol> <li>If the alarm occurs accidentally, the power grid may be abnormal temporarily. The SUN2000L automatically recovers after detecting that the power grid becomes normal.</li> <li>If the alarm occurs frequently, check whether the grid frequency is within the acceptable range. If not, contact the local power operator. If so, modify the grid overfrequency protection threshold with the consent of the local power operator.</li> </ol>

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2037	Grid Underfrequency	Major	Cause ID = 1  Power grid exception: The actual grid frequency is lower than the local power grid standard.	<ol> <li>If the alarm occurs accidentally, the power grid may be abnormal temporarily. The SUN2000L automatically recovers after detecting that the power grid becomes normal.</li> <li>If the alarm occurs frequently, check whether the grid frequency is within the acceptable range. If not, contact the local power operator. If so, modify the grid underfrequency protection threshold with the consent of the local power operator.</li> </ol>
2038	Unstable Grid Frequency	Major	Cause ID = 1  Power grid exception: The actual grid frequency change rate does not comply with the local power grid standard.	<ol> <li>If the alarm occurs         accidentally, the power grid         may be abnormal temporarily.         The SUN2000L automatically         recovers after detecting that         the power grid becomes         normal.</li> <li>If the alarm occurs frequently,         check whether the grid         frequency is within the         acceptable range. If not,         contact the local power         operator.</li> </ol>
2039	Output Overcurrent	Major	Cause ID = 1  The grid voltage drops dramatically or the power grid is short-circuited. As a result, the inverter transient output current exceeds the upper threshold and therefore the inverter protection is triggered.	<ol> <li>The SUN2000L monitors its external working conditions in real time. The SUN2000L automatically recovers after the fault is rectified.</li> <li>If the alarm occurs frequently and affects the power production of the PV plant, check whether the output is short-circuited. If the fault persists, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support.</li> </ol>
2040	Output DC Component Overhigh	Major	Cause ID = 1  The DC component of the SUN2000L output current exceeds the specified upper threshold.	The SUN2000L monitors its external working conditions in real time. The SUN2000L automatically recovers after the fault is rectified.     If the alarm occurs frequently, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2051	Abnormal Residual Current	Major	Cause ID = 1  The insulation impedance of the input side to PE decreases when the SUN2000L is operating.	<ol> <li>If the alarm occurs accidentally, the external power cable may be abnormal temporarily. The SUN2000L automatically recovers after the fault is rectified.</li> <li>If the alarm occurs frequently or persists, check whether the impedance between the PV string and ground is below the lower threshold.</li> </ol>
2061	Abnormal Grounding	Major	<ul> <li>Cause ID = 1</li> <li>The PE cable for the SUN2000L is not connected.</li> <li>The voltage between the SUN2000L neutral wire and ground exceeds the upper threshold.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check that the PE cable for the SUN2000L is connected properly.</li> <li>Check that the voltage between the SUN2000L neutral wire and ground is within the normal range. If an isolation transformer is connected, set OFF due to abnormal grounding to Disable.</li> </ol>
2062	Low Insulation Resistance	Major	<ul> <li>Cause ID = 1</li> <li>The PV string is short-circuited to PE.</li> <li>The PV string is installed in a moist environment for a long time.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Check the impedance between the PV array output and PE, and eliminate short circuits and poor insulation points.</li> <li>Check that the SUN2000L PE cable is correctly connected.</li> <li>If you confirm that the impedance is less than the default value in a cloudy or rainy environment, reset Insulation resistance protection.</li> </ol>
2063	Overtemperature	Major	<ul> <li>Cause ID = 1</li> <li>The SUN2000L is installed in a place with poor ventilation.</li> <li>The ambient temperature exceeds the upper threshold.</li> <li>The SUN2000L is not working properly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the ventilation and ambient temperature at the SUN2000L installation position.</li> <li>If the ventilation is poor or the ambient temperature exceeds the upper threshold, improve the ventilation and heat dissipation.</li> <li>If both the ventilation and ambient temperature meet requirements, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support.</li> </ul>

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2064	Device Fault	Major	Cause ID = 1–12 An unrecoverable fault occurs on a circuit inside the SUN2000L.	Turn off the AC output switch and DC input switch, and then turn them on after 5 minutes. If the fault persists, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support.
2065	Upgrade Failed	Major	Cause ID = 1–4 The upgrade does not end normally.	<ol> <li>Perform an upgrade again.</li> <li>If the upgrade fails several times, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support.</li> <li>Check that the DC power supply is connected.</li> </ol>
61440	Monitoring Unit Faulty	Minor	Cause ID = 1 The communication module is faulty.	Contact your supplier or Huawei technical support to rectify the fault.
2067	Faulty Power Collector	Major	Cause ID = 1 The Smart Power Sensor communication is interrupted.	<ol> <li>Check that the preset Smart Power Sensor model is the same as the actual model.</li> <li>Check that the preset communications parameters for the Smart Power Sensor are the same as the actual configurations.</li> <li>Check that the Smart Power Sensor is powered on and the RS485 communications cable is correctly connected.</li> </ol>

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Alarm Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
2068	Battery Abnormal	Minor	<ul> <li>Cause ID = 1</li> <li>The battery is faulty.</li> <li>The battery communication is interrupted.</li> <li>The battery switch trips when the SUN2000L is running.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>If the battery fault indicator is steady on or blinking, contact the battery supplier.</li> <li>Check that the battery enable/power/communications cable is correctly installed, and that the communications parameters are the same as the SUN2000L RS485 configurations.</li> <li>Check that Auxiliary Power switch on the battery is on.</li> <li>Send a shutdown command on the app. Turn off the AC output switch, DC input switch, and battery switch. Then turn on the battery switch, AC output switch, and DC input switch in sequence after 5 minutes.</li> <li>If the alarm persists, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support.</li> </ol>
2075	Peripheral Port Short Circuit	Warning	Cause ID = 1 The SUN2000L Alarm port is short-circuited when supplying 12 V power to peripheral.	1. Turn off the AC and DC switches on the SUN2000L and disconnect the peripheral from the Alarm port. Then power on the SUN2000L again and clear the alarm manually. If the alarm persists, contact your supplier or Huawei technical support to rectify the fault. If the alarm is cleared, it indicates that the port on the SUN2000L is normal. Then check that the pins in the power port on the peripheral are not short-circuited.  2. Replace the peripheral, and then start a self-check to check that the port functions properly.

#### MACTE

Contact your supplier or Huawei technical support if all failure analysis procedures listed above are completed and the fault still exists.

# 8 Handling the SUN2000L

## 8.1 Removing the SUN2000L

### **Procedure**

- **Step 1** Power off the system by following the instructions in 6.3 Powering Off the System.
- **Step 2** Disconnect all cables from the SUN2000L, including signal cables, DC input power cables, battery cables, AC output power cables, and PE cables.
- Step 3 Remove the WiFi antenna from the SUN2000L.
- **Step 4** Remove the SUN2000L from the mounting bracket.
- **Step 5** Remove the mounting bracket.

----End

## 8.2 Packing the SUN2000L

- If the original packaging is available, put the SUN2000L inside it and then seal it using adhesive tape.
- If the original packaging is not available, put the SUN2000L inside a suitable cardboard box and seal it properly.

## 8.3 Disposing of the SUN2000L

If the SUN2000L service life expires, dispose of it according to the local disposal rules for electrical equipment and electronic component waste.

# 9 Technical Specifications

## Efficiency

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL
Maximum efficiency	98.4%	98.5%	98.5%	98.6%	98.6%	98.6%
European weighted efficiency	97%	97.6%	97.8%	97.9%	98%	98%

## Input

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL
Maximum input voltage <sup>a</sup>	•	•	to the SUN2000 cy connects to the			
Maximum input current (per MPPT)	11 A					
Maximum short-circuit current (per MPPT)	15 A					
Maximum inverter backfeed current to the PV array	0 A					
Operating voltage range		•	ects to the SUN2		.)	

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL
Start voltage range		•	nects to the SUN pattery connects	•	L.)	
MPPT voltage range	· ·	•	ects to the SUN2	ŕ	)	
Rated input voltage	380 V					
Number of inputs	2					
Number of MPP trackers	2					
Note a: Maxim	um input voltage	e includes the vo	oltage of PV and	battery inputs.		

## Output

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL	
Rated output power <sup>a</sup>	2000 W	3000 W	3680 W	4000 W	4600 W	5000 W	
Maximum apparent power <sup>b</sup>	2200 VA	3300 VA	3680 VA	4400 VA	5000 VA	5500 VA	
Rated output voltage	220 V/230 V/2	220 V/230 V/240 V					
Adapted grid frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz						
Maximum output current <sup>c</sup>	10 A	15 A	16 A	20 A	23 A	25 A	
Power factor	0.8 leading 0	.8 lagging					
Maximum total harmonic distortion (rated power)	≤ 3%						

Item	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-
	2KTL	3KTL	3.68KTL	4KTL	4.6KTL	5KTL

- Note a: The maximum output power of the SUN2000L-5KTL is 4990 W if the Australian AS4777 grid code is selected.
- Note b: The maximum apparent power of the SUN2000L-4.6KTL is 4600 VA if the Germany VDE-AR-N 4105 grid code is selected. The maximum apparent power of the SUN2000L-4.6KTL and SUN2000L-5KTL is 4990 VA if the Australian AS4777 grid code is selected.
- Note c: The maximum output current of the SUN2000L-4.6KTL and SUN2000L-5KTL is 21.7 A if the Australian AS4777 grid code is selected.

### Protection

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL
Anti-islandin g protection	Supported					
Input reverse polarity protection	Supported					
Output short-circuit protection	Supported					
RCMU	Supported					
AC surge protection	Supported					
DC surge protection	Supported					
Output overvoltage protection	Supported					
Insulation resistance detection	Supported					

### Communication

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL
Display	LED					
WiFi	Supported					

Item	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-	SUN2000L-
	2KTL	3KTL	3.68KTL	4KTL	4.6KTL	5KTL
RS485	Supported					

## **Common parameters**

Item	SUN2000L- 2KTL	SUN2000L- 3KTL	SUN2000L- 3.68KTL	SUN2000L- 4KTL	SUN2000L- 4.6KTL	SUN2000L- 5KTL
Topology	Transformerles	SS				
Ingress Protection Rating	IP65					
Cooling mode	Natural cooling					
Dimensions (W x H x D)	375 mm x 375 mm x 117 mm (excluding the mounting plate)/375 mm x 375 mm x 149.5 mm (including the mounting plate)/440 mm x 440mm x 231mm (including the package)					
Weight	Net weight: 11.6 kg (including the mounting plate) Including the package: 13.8kg					
Operating temperature	-30°C to +60°C (derated above +45°C)					
Humidity	0%-100% RH					
Operating altitude	0–4000 m (dera	ated above 2000	m)			



### ■ NOTE

Grid codes are subject to change. The listed codes are for your reference only.

Table A-1 Grid codes (SUN2000L-2KTL/SUN2000L-3KTL)

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
1	VDE-AR-N-4105	Germany low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
2	NB/T 32004	China Golden Sun low-voltage power grid	220 V	50 Hz
3	UTE C 15-712-1(A)	France mainland power grid	230 V	50 Hz
4	UTE C 15-712-1(B)	France island power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
5	UTE C 15-712-1(C)	France island power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
6	G83-England	England 230 V power grid (I < 16 A)	230 V	50 Hz
7	G83-Scotland	Scotland 240 V power grid (I < 16 A)	240 V	50 Hz
8	CEI0-21	Italy power grid	230 V	50 Hz
9	EN50438-NL	Netherlands power grid	230 V	50 Hz
10	AS4777	Australia power grid	230 V	50 Hz
11	IEC61727	IEC61727	230 V	50 Hz

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
		low-voltage power grid (50 Hz)		
12	EN50438-TR	Turkey low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
13	IEC61727-60Hz	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
14	CLC/TS50549_IE	Ireland power grid	230 V	50 Hz

Table A-2 Grid codes (SUN2000L-3.68KTL)

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
1	VDE-AR-N-4105	Germany low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
2	UTE C 15-712-1(A)	France mainland power grid	230 V	50 Hz
3	UTE C 15-712-1(B)	France island power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
4	UTE C 15-712-1(C)	France island power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
5	G83-England	England 230 V power grid (I < 16 A)	230 V	50 Hz
6	G83-Scotland	Scotland 240 V power grid (I < 16 A)	240 V	50 Hz
7	CEI0-21	Italy power grid	230 V	50 Hz
8	EN50438-NL	Netherlands power grid	230 V	50 Hz
9	AS4777	Australia power grid	230 V	50 Hz
10	IEC61727	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
11	EN50438-TR	Turkey low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
12	IEC61727-60Hz	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
13	CLC/TS50549_IE	Ireland power grid	230 V	50 Hz

Table A-3 Grid codes (SUN2000L-4KTL)

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
1	VDE-AR-N-4105	Germany low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
2	NB/T 32004	China Golden Sun low-voltage power grid	220 V	50 Hz
3	UTE C 15-712-1(A)	France mainland power grid	230 V	50 Hz
4	UTE C 15-712-1(B)	France island power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
5	UTE C 15-712-1(C)	France island power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
6	G59-England	England 230 V power grid (I > 16 A)	230 V	50 Hz
7	G59-Scotland	Scotland 240 V power grid (I > 16 A)	240 V	50 Hz
8	CEI0-21	Italy power grid	230 V	50 Hz
9	EN50438-NL	Netherlands power grid	230 V	50 Hz
10	AS4777	Australia power grid	230 V	50 Hz
11	IEC61727	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
12	EN50438-TR	Turkey low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
13	IEC61727-60Hz	IEC61727 low-voltage power	230 V	60 Hz

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
		grid (60 Hz)		
14	CLC/TS50549_IE	Ireland power grid	230 V	50 Hz

Table A-4 Grid codes (SUN2000L-4.6KTL)

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
1	VDE-AR-N-4105	Germany low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
2	UTE C 15-712-1(A)	France mainland power grid	230 V	50 Hz
3	UTE C 15-712-1(B)	France island power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
4	UTE C 15-712-1(C)	France island power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
5	G59-England	England 230 V power grid (I > 16 A)	230 V	50 Hz
6	G59-Scotland	Scotland 240 V power grid (I > 16 A)	240 V	50 Hz
7	CEI0-21	Italy power grid	230 V	50 Hz
8	EN50438-NL	Netherlands power grid	230 V	50 Hz
9	AS4777	Australia power grid	230 V	50 Hz
10	IEC61727	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
11	EN50438-TR	Turkey low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
12	IEC61727-60Hz	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
13	CLC/TS50549_IE	Ireland power grid	230 V	50 Hz

Table A-5 Grid codes (SUN2000L-5KTL)

No.	Grid Code	Description	Grid Voltage	Grid Frequency
1	UTE C 15-712-1(A)	France mainland power grid	230 V	50 Hz
2	NB/T 32004	China Golden Sun low-voltage power grid	220 V	50 Hz
3	UTE C 15-712-1(A)	France mainland power grid	230 V	50 Hz
4	UTE C 15-712-1(B)	France island power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
5	UTE C 15-712-1(C)	France island power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
6	G59-England	England 230 V power grid (I > 16 A)	230 V	50 Hz
7	G59-Scotland	Scotland 240 V power grid (I > 16 A)	240 V	50 Hz
8	CEI0-21	Italy power grid	230 V	50 Hz
9	EN50438-NL	Netherlands power grid	230 V	50 Hz
10	AS4777	Australia power grid	230 V	50 Hz
11	IEC61727	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (50 Hz)	230 V	50 Hz
12	EN50438-TR	Turkey low-voltage power grid	230 V	50 Hz
13	IEC61727-60Hz	IEC61727 low-voltage power grid (60 Hz)	230 V	60 Hz
14	CLC/TS50549_IE	Ireland power grid	230 V	50 Hz

## B Acronyms and Abbreviations

A

AC alternating current

D

**DC** direct current

I

**ID** identifier

L

**LED** light emitting diode

LVRT low voltage ride-through

M

MAC Media Access Control

MPPT maximum power point

tracking

P

PC personal computer
PE protective earthing

**PV** photovoltaic

R

**RCD** residual current device

RCMU residual current monitoring

unit

**RH** relative humidity

 $\mathbf{S}$ 

**SN** serial number

T

**THDi** total distortion of the input

current waveform

 $\mathbf{W}$ 

WEEE waste electrical and

electronic equipment

WiFi Wireless Fidelity